PATENT SPECIFICATION

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453,552

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Complete Specification Accepted: Sept. 14, 1936.

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

Improvements in or relating to Blast Furnaces

We. GESELLSCHAFT FUR LINDE'S EISMASCHINEN A.G., a German Company, or Hellreigelskreuth, near Munich, treimany, so hereby declare the nature 5 or this invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, to be particularly described and ascertained in and by the following statement:

The invention relates to the operation 10 of plast turnaces for the production of big iron, fused cement, or the like. In particular it has to do with methods of supplying such turnaces with oxygenenriched blast, and apparatus therefor,

The use of oxygen-enriched blast has previously been suggested for the production of hot-flowing types of pig iron in a blast farnace or for the elimination of hanging disturbances and to obtain o_0 other advantages.

The object of the present invention is to correct one-sided descent of the charge in shatt furnaces, in particular blastfurnaces.

The process according to the invention 25 h chericarised by the fact that a blast with increased oxygen concentration is toi to that part of the rurnace in which the charge descends with difficulty.

With this new method of operation it is possible to introduce relatively logh oxygen concentrations at those points were tree characteristic with hillery or goes not descend smoothly, thus appre-, cially increasing the smelting capacity at such points and in this manner smeltirm our local accumulations of material in the turners. The method of the present invention thus offers the present of the present of the present of the force of the present of the presen notone was attainable moither with bet the nor with real that Angalas tional advartage of the new method one 45 sizes in that the quite appreciable exygen losses, which occur through leaks in the black leaters or in the bustle pipes and The Billion of a Ulber furnise, are avoided.
The property of more allower places to the control of the control

In the drawings F represents a turnace wall, other parts being identified as they 55

are mentioned.

As shown in Fig. 1, high purity oxygen or an oxygen-enriched gas produced in an air separation plant, or from any convenient source, may be supplied from a 60 header pipe (not shown) surrounding the furnace to separate conduits or pipes II which severally lead to the individual blast tuyeres 13 located at intervals circumferentially of the furnace. The 65 oxygen or oxygen-enriched mixture, in a volume controllable by a valve 12 in each pipe 11, flows through a conduit 15 in the water jacket 14 of a blast tuyere 13, and thence through the inner wall of 70 the blast tuyere into the hot blast being discharged through the tuyere into the furnace.

A somewhat different method of carrying out the process is illustrated in Fig. 75 2. In this variant the oxygen or oxygen-enriched gas is conducted to approximately the center of the tuyers mouth by means of a conduit 16 extending from the inner wall of the blast tuyere. The con- 80 duit 16 is preferably made of ceramic material, or in the event it is made of from, it is protected by means of heatinsulating material from the heat of the hot blast in order to prevent the conduit 85 in describing henced to such an extent that it will burn off in the oxygen stream.

In accordance with the new method of the invention, to improve regulating possibilities the oxygen or the oxygen- 90 enabled gas of higher axygen content than air preterably is applied in a cold or unhanted state to the individual tur-nges unpress in centrali function to previous me hous wherein oxygen-entirined 95 probable blust was applied to the inveres. With former methods of operation, it has been economical to prodire in the air separation plant : 2as mixture containing approximately 45% 100 oxygen and use this mixture for earith-ing the Mark Wild the mother of the particle action is become the body as

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order to decrease the volume of gas alscharged in a coll or unleated state into the rurnace. Inasmuch as the plast heaters, due to the separate introduction 5 of unheated or cold oxygen to the tuyeres in accordance with the invention, need only heat the blast air, it becomes possible to heat the air in the plast heaters to a temperature higher than was 10 possible with previous methods of operation, and thereby offset the cooling effect of the colder oxygen. Although the invention has been described in terms of a preferred embodi-15 ment wherein exygen-enrichment of the blast is accomplished directly at the individual tayeres, it will be evident that in applying the process of the invention to metallurgical operations in general.

20 the blast-enriching oxygren may, if desired, be introduced into individual tayers blast pipes 17 without departing from the scope of the invention.

Having now particularly described and ascertained the nature of our sold invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, we declare that what we claim is:—

1. Process for correcting one-sided descent of the charge in shaft furnaces, in particular blast furnaces, characterised by the fact that a blast with increased oxygen concentration is fed to that part of the furnace in which the 35 charge descends with difficulty.

2. Process according to claim 1, char-

a terised by the fact that the oxygen is ted separately to each merivilual plast tuyere of the shart furnice and is mixed with the blast air in a regulatable manner 40 only when it reaches there.

3. Process according to claim 1, characterised by the fact that the oxygen is admixed with highly heated blast air in the blast tuyere as cold high purity 45

oxygen.

4. Blast tuyere when used for carrying out the process according to claim 1, wherein the feed pipe for the oxygen to be admixed with the blast air is passed 50 through the water jacket, characterised by the fact that the feed pipe is extended to the inner wall of the blast tuyere and or into the centre of the blowing

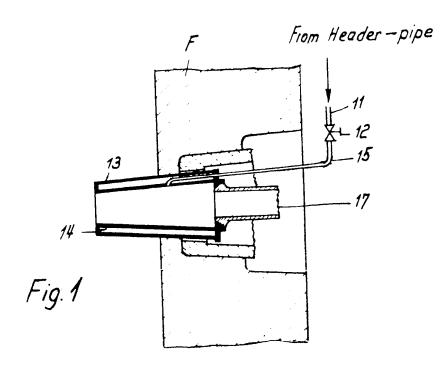
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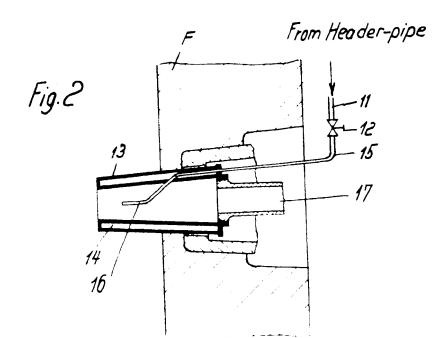
5. Process for correcting one-sided descent of the charge in shaft furnaces, substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

6. Blast tuyere when used for carrying out the process according to claim 5, constructed and adapted to operate substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawing: 65 Dated this 6th day of December, 1935 HASELTINE, LAKE & CO...

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Learnington Space Printed for Hill M. Setty's Stationery Office, by the Courier Press, -1986.





This Drawing is a full size reproduction of the Original.

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